

GENDER SEGREGATION AMONG KARE- KARE FARMERS IN POTISKUM SENATORIAL ZONE OF NORTH- EASTERN NIGERIA

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ABSTRACT

This study examines the participation of Kare-Kare woman in agriculture at Potiskum senatorial Zone of North- Eastern Nigeria. The study is very important as it identify constraint to women productivity in farming and economic development. In carrying out the study the methodology employed include oral histories, administration of interview and focus group discussion. The use focus group discussion is to clarify and validate information collected during interview. This study reveal that both Kare- Kare women and men engaged in farming, however at age group of fifteen and above women participation increased significantly than men. Yet their contribution culture denied them access to use surplus produce of the household farm. More so, despite the importance of land as a factor of production culture placed women at disadvantage position. The study further reveals that extension services follow the cultural trend by focusing on men only.

Keywords: Woman, Kare- Kare, division of labor, ownership, access